Adopting FAIR principles for Rothamsted's long-term agricultural experiments

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ROTHAMSTED RESEARCH



Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council Lawes Agricultural Trust

The Rothamsted Long-term Experiments

- 1843 1856 Lawes and Gilbert started the 9 "Classical Experiments" including Broadbalk and Park Grass
- > 40 LTEs additional LTEs, past and present, running for at least 20 years
- Examine multiple treatment factors (fertilization, cropping systems, crop protection, management...)
- 177 years of data have (yield traits, disease, botanical and invertebrate surveys, soil properties, management...)
- Funded as a BBSRC National Capability with a requirement to make data as accessible as possible
- LTE information and datasets available from e-RA website http://era.rothamsted.ac.uk, launched 2013



NBN Conference 2020

What does FAIR mean



- Can people find your data? •
- If people can find your data do they know how it can be accessed
- FAIR ≠ Open Access

- If people can access your data can they integrate it with other related datasets
- If people can find and access your data, is it sufficiently well described to allow them to re-use it?



Wilkinson, M., Dumontier, M., Aalbersberg, I. et al. The FAIR Guiding Principles for scientific data management and stewardship. Sci Data 3, 160018 (2016). https://doi.org/10.1038/sdata.2016.18

https://www.go-fair.org/fair-principles/

We do some of that – Does that mean we're FAIR?

Background information for Rothamsted Long-term experiments

Home	▼Tweet
News	
	Broadbalk Winter Wheat Experiment
Extract Data	The Broadhalk experiment is one of the oldest continuous annonomic experiments in the world. Started by Lawse and Gilbert in the autumn of 1842 winter wheat has been sown a
	The production experiment of the field event war cline that the optimizer of the event in the work to be the optimizer of the field event war cline that the alements was to test the officier of the avertual cline that the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline that the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline that the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline that the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline that the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline that the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline that the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the alements was to test the alements was to test the optimizer of the avertual cline the alements was to test the optimizer of the alements was to test the alements was to te
Open Access	P K Na and Mni and different cricely equilable control the control strip has received no fertilizer or control is the total for the first few years these treatment
	varied a little but in 1852 a scheme was stabilised that has continued with some modifications until today.
Broadbalk	
Park Grass	Background: how the plots have been managed and modified over the years
Hoosfield Barley	Data Available: description of the different datasets available, with data previews
Alternate Wheat and Fallow	Site and soil physical properties: information about the site, plot sizes, soil type, texture and soil weight
Wilderness Experiments	Soil chemical properties: information about %SOC, total %N, pH, Olsen P and exchangeable cations, 1865-2012
Exhaustion Land	Diseases: information about the wheat root and stem diseases assessed
Rothamsted Ley Arable	Weeds: information about the weed surveys
Woburn Ley Arable	 Crop nutrients: information about crop macro nutrient content (% N, P, K, Ca, Mg, Na and S)
Woburn Farm	Grain quality: wheat grain quality data (TGWs, Hagberg falling number, Hectolitre weights, grain size categories)
Met Data	 Other crops and failow: description of potatoes, oats, beans and forage maize crops grown on Broadbalk, and the management of the failow
Other Long Term Experiments	Earthworms Information about earthworm measurements on Broadbalk
Data Extraction Tool	Key References referring to Broadbalk
	Open access: Freely available data on selected Broadbalk yields, Soil Organic Carbon content, soil total N content and soil Olsen P (plant-available P) content
Case studies	See a Video on the Broadbalk Experiment
Schools and Public	
	Background
Sample Archive	
Insect Survey	The first experimental crop of wheat was sown on Broadbalk in 1843 and harvested in 1844. The aim of the experiment was to test the effect of different organic manures and inorgan
North Wyke Farm Platform	Tertilizers on the yield of winter wheat. For the first tew years the treatments varied somewhat but in 1852 a permanent scheme was established which has continued, with minor modification
	to today.
	The experiment has had three main phases:
Search Bibliography	
eRAdoc	1.1843-1925. The first experimental crop of wheat was harvested in 1844 after a rotation of turnips (with FYM, 1839), barley (1840), peas (1841), wheat (1842) and oats (1843). The last four cro
Soil Map	did not receive any fertilizer or manure. Winter wheat was grown continuously, apart from occasional fallowing to control weeds. The experiment was divided into different Strips or "Plots" (
	20) receiving the different tertilizer and manure treatments each year. Most treatment strips were established by 1852 except for strip 24, which began in 1885, and strip 20, which began

Restricted access to annual plot data

plot	section	year	totalgrain85	totalstraw85	dmgrain	dmstraw	area	prev_crop	yr_of_wheat
			tonnes/hectare	tonnes/hectare	%	%	hectares		
10	0	2010	1.87		86.0		0.00320	F	6
11	0	2010	5.32		86.1		0.00320	F	6
12	0	2010	6.86		86.1		0.00320	F	6
13	0	2010	6.42		85.7		0.00320	F	6
14	0	2010	6.35		86.1		0.00320	F	6
15	0	2010	6.88		85.7		0.00320	F	6
16	0	2010	6.87		86.3		0.00320	F	6
17	0	2010	6.98		86.3		0.00320	F	6
18	0	2010	6.85		86.4		0.00320	F	6
19	0	2010	5.64		86.8		0.00320	F	6
21	0	2010	5.93		87.0		0.00320	F	6
22	0	2010	3.95		86.5		0.00320	F	6
3	0	2010	1.03		86.2		0.00320	F	6
5	0	2010	1.33		86.2		0.00320	F	6
6	0	2010	3.72		86.4		0.00320	F	6
7	0	2010	5.23		86.1		0.00320	F	6
8	0	2010	6.04		85.6		0.00320	F	6
9	0	2010	6.21		85.6		0.00320	F	6
10	0	2011	1.47		84.6		0.00320	F	7
11	0	2011	4.89		84.7		0.00320	F	7
12	0	2011	6.06		85.8		0.00320	F	7

Freely accessible aggregated datasets

	В	C	D	E	F	G	н		J	K	L	
1	Broadba	alk Soil T	Total % N	litrogen	(N) in to	opsoil (O	-23cm) f	or "cont	inuous"	wheat s	ections ⁽¹⁾	
2	Analysis o	f air-dried	finely gro	und (0.354)	mm) soil.	See notes	below for	analytical	details.			
3	Data are th	he means	of all hole:	s (samples)	in each st	rip (up to :	1944) and o	of all sectio	ns in 1966;	and then	of	
4	specific se	ctions fro	m 1966 (se	e notes be	low).							
5	Data in red	d are estin	nated "star	ting" value	s (see not	es below).						
6												
7	% Soil T	otal N 0	-23cm									
8						Treatmen	ıt					
9		Nil	PKMg	N3PKMg	N4PKMg	FYM	FYM1885	FYM1968				
10		Plot 3	Plot 5	Plot 8	Plot 9	Plot 2.2	Plot 2.1	Plot 1 ⁵				
11	1843	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	ns	ns				
12	1865	0.105	0.107	ns	ns	0.178	ns	ns				
13	1881	0.100	0.103	0.125	0.118	0.187	ns	ns				
14	1884	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	0.100	ns				
15	1893	0.091	0.098	0.115	0.116	0.218	0.159	ns				
16	1914	0.094	0.104	0.130	0.114	0.256	0.202	ns				
17	1936	0.097	0.099	ns	ns	0.220	0.190	ns				
18	1944	0.102	0.103	0.120	0.111	0.229	0.198	ns				
19	1966 (all)	0.101	0.107	0.120	0.111	0.253	0.218	ns				
20	1966 ⁽²⁾	0.103	0.109	0.121	0.114	0.255	0.217	0.094				
21	1987 ⁽³⁾	0.102	0.104	0.126	0.122	0.270	0.228	ns				
22	1992 ⁽⁴⁾	0.091	0.101	0.118	0.122	0.271	0.271	0.203				
23	1997 ^[4]	0.090	0.098	0 119	0 1 24	0 304	0 272	0 212				

FAIR Principles



- (Meta)data assign unique persistent identifiers
- Described with rich metadata
- Metadata are indexed and searchable

Can be retrieved using a unique identifier (e.g. a DOI)



(Meta)data has qualified references to related datasets





- Metadata extended to include other relevant attributes (e.g. Descriptions of treatment factors)
- Published with data licences and access rights
- Dataset provenance included



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https://www.go-fair.org/fair-principles/



Datasets:

- Conditions of access for datasets
- No DOI (except for some aggregated datasets)
- No structured, machine readable metadata and metadata not in context
- Appropriate (semantic) annotation of data and fields
- Datasets poorly structured and data fields poorly described, no community standards adopted
- Non-standard formats

e-RA Website:

- Lots of content
- but presented as semi-structured narratives and inconsistent across experiments



Improving LTE Metadata



Schemas adopted for structured Longterm Experiment metadata

schema.org



Data	asets	avai	lab	le
Patt	19000	avan		

that has continued, with some Goals: The aim of the experim different organic manures and

Establisment Period End: 195

winter wheat.

Date Start: 1843

Date End: Ongoing

Cirsium arvense frequency on Broadbalk Section 8 1991-2018	Broadbalk Soil Total % Nitrogen Content, 1843-2010	Fisher 1921 Broadbalk wheat grain yields 1852-1918
This dataset consists of the relative frequencies of Cirsium arvense (Creeping thistle) of the Family Asteraceae recorded on Section 8 plots of the Broadbalk Wheat Experiment, 1991-2018. Section 8 has not received any herbicides in its history.	Long-term changes in total % nitrogen concentration in the topsoil (0-23 cm) in selected treatments of the Broadbalk experiment, where winter wheat has been grown most years since 1843 ("continuous wheat").	This dataset consists of annual wheat yields from selected plots of the Broadbalk Wheat Experiment, 1852-1918, as used by R. A. Fisher in his 1921 pape 'Studies in crop variation'.
More	More	More
Broadbalk mean long-term winter wheat yields	Broadbalk changes in Olsen P in top soil, 1844-2010	BKYIELD: Broadbalk wheat grain and stray yields 1844-1925
This summary data shows the mean long-term winter wheat yields from selected treatments on Broadbalk	Summary data showing changes in plant-available phosphorus (Olsen P) in the topsoil (0-23cm) of	Wheat grain and straw yields have been recorded every year since the experiment began, with the firs

Documents

Bibliography

Publishing Findable, Accessible and Re-usable Datasets



DOI Knowledge Graphs

Experiments, Datasets and Supplementary information are published in context.



Refactoring the data

- Simple tabular CSV format
- Relationships between data tables possible

Positional data, identifies plots in time and space					lots	Treatment factors – what was applied to the plots							Observed and Measured data					
			1										_		1			
						ר ר												
sample_year	💌 strip	▼ old	section 💌	section	soil_dep	 cropping 	straw_inco	prporation 💌 herbicide	▼ fungicide	n_rate	other_fert	iliser_combination	soil_organic_carbon	soil_total_nitrogen	▼ olsen_p ▼ l	oulk_density 🔽 calcu	ated_soc_co	ntent 🔄
	1988	3	la	0	0-23	Continuous wheat	S1	H1	F1	N0	Nil		0.93	0.105	6	1.252		26.7
	1987	3	Ib	1	0-23	Continuous wheat	S0	H1	F1	N0	Nil		0.98	0.108	4	1.252		28.2
	1988	3	П	2	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N0	Nil		0.88	0.088	8	1.252		25.3
	1988	3	11	3	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N0	Nil		0.77	0.078	9	1.252		22.1
	1987	3	III	4	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N0	Nil		0.79	0.092	9	1.252		22.7
	1988	3	III	5	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N0	Nil		0.85	0.082	8	1.252		24.4
	1987	3	IV	6	0-23	Continuous wheat	S0	H1	FO	N0	Nil		ns	ns	ns	1.252	ns	
	1987	3	IV	7	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N0	Nil		0.83	0.090	6	1.252		23.9
	1987	3	Va	8	0-23	Continuous wheat	S0	HO	F1	N0	Nil		ns	ns	ns	1.252	ns	
	1987	3	Vb	9	0-23	Continuous wheat	S0	H1	F1	N0	Nil		0.83	0.095	5	1.252		23.9
	1988	5	la	0	0-23	Continuous wheat	S1	H1	F1	N0	PKMg		0.97	0.102	102	1.252		27.9
	1987	5	Ib	1	0-23	Continuous wheat	S0	H1	F1	N0	PKMg		0.94	0.108	72	1.252		27.0
	1988	5	П	2	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N0	PKMg		0.77	0.085	86	1.252		22.1
	1988	5	Ш	3	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N0	PKMg		0.77	0.085	88	1.252		22.1
	1987	5	III	4	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N0	PKMg		0.77	0.092	70	1.252		22.1
	1988	5	III	5	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N0	PKMg		0.82	0.084	91	1.252		23.6
	1987	5	IV	6	0-23	Continuous wheat	S0	H1	FO	N0	PKMg		ns	ns	ns	1.252	ns	
	1987	5	IV	7	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N0	PKMg		0.87	0.095	67	1.252		25.0
	1987	5	Va	8	0-23	Continuous wheat	S0	HO	F1	N0	PKMg		ns	ns	ns	1.252	ns	
	1987	5	Vb	9	0-23	Continuous wheat	S0	H1	F1	N0	PKMg		0.88	0.099	82	1.252		25.3
	1988	6	la	0	0-23	Continuous wheat	S1	H1	F1	N1	PKMg		1.02	0.104	102	1.252		29.3
	1987	6	Ib	1	0-23	Continuous wheat	S0	H1	F1	N1	PKMg		1.00	0.117	65	1.252		28.8
	1988	6	Ш	2	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N1	PKMg		0.82	0.091	91	1.252		23.6
	1988	6	Ш	3	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N1	PKMg		0.90	0.091	92	1.252		25.9
	1987	6	III	4	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N1	PKMg		0.79	0.095	80	1.252		22.7
	1988	6	III	5	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N1	PKMg	ሊ	0.88	0.085	98	1.252		25.3
	1987	6	IV	6	0-23	Continuous wheat	S0	H1	F0	N1	PKMg	U	ns	ns	ns	1.252	ns	
	1987	6	IV	7	0-23	Wheat in rotation	S0	H1	F1	N1	PKMg		0.90	0.098	85	1.252		25.9
	1987	6	Va	8	0-23	Continuous wheat	S0	HO	F1	N1	PKMg		ns	ns	ns	1.252	ns	
	1987	6	Vb	9	0-23	Continuous wheat	SO	H1	F1	N1	PKMg		1.02	0.108	92	1.252		29.3

Rigorous metadata with semantic annotation

"Primary key" values		ey" values ^H	luman readable labels	Semantic						
					\mathbf{i}					
name fa	ctor_unit	treatment	treatment_rdfType	treatment_form	treatment_form_rdfType	application_timing	description			
N0 0		nitrogen 🦰	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO_0007284				between 1968-85 app	lied as calcium amm	onium <mark>nit</mark> ra	ate <mark>(Nitro</mark>
N1 48	kgN ha ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	nitrogen	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007284	ammonium nitrate (Nitram, 34.5%N)	http://aims.fao.org/aos/agrovoc/c 352	spring	between 1968-85 app	lied as calcium amm	onium <mark>nit</mark> ra	ate <mark>(Nitro</mark>
N2 96	i kgN ha ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	nitrogen	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007284	ammonium nitrate (Nitram, 34.5%N)	http://aims.fao.org/aos/agrovoc/c 352	spring	between 1968-85 app	lied as calcium amm	onium <mark>nit</mark> ra	ate <mark>(Nitro</mark>
N3 14	4 kgN ha ⁻¹ γr ⁻¹	nitrogen	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007284	ammonium nitrate (Nitram, 34.5%N)	http://aims.fao.org/aos/agrovoc/c 352	spring	between 1968-85 app	lied as calcium amm	onium <mark>nit</mark> ra	ate <mark>(Nitro</mark>
N4 19	2 kgN ha ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	nitrogen	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007284	ammonium nitrate (Nitram, 34.5%N)	http://aims.fao.org/aos/agrovoc/c 352	spring	between 1968-85 app	lied as calcium amm	onium <mark>nit</mark> ra	ate <mark>(Nitro</mark>
N5 24	10 kgN ha ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	nitrogen	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007284	ammonium nitrate (Nitram, 34.5%N)	http://aims.fao.org/aos/agrovoc/c_352	spring	between 1968-85 app	lied as calcium amm	onium <mark>nit</mark> ra	ate <mark>(Nitro</mark>
N6 28	8 kgN ha ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	nitrogen	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007284	ammonium nitrate (Nitram, 34.5%N)	http://aims.fao.org/aos/agrovoc/c 352	spring	between 1968-85 app	lied as calcium amm	onium nitra	ate <mark>(Nitro</mark>
N*1 48	kgN ha ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	nitrogen	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007284	sodium nitrate	http://aims.fao.org/aos/agrovoc/c 7148	spring	applied between 185	2 and 1967 only		
N*2 96	i kgN ha ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	nitrogen	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007284	sodium nitrate	http://aims.fao.org/aos/agrovoc/c 7148	spring	applied between 185	2 and 1967 only		
P 33	kgP ha ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	phosphorous	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007397	triple superphosphate	http://aims.fao.org/aos/agrovoc/c 7521	autumn	35kgP as triple super	phosphate until 2000		
(P) 0		phosphorous	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007397				35kgP as triple super	phosphate until 2000	; no longer	applied
К 90	kgK ha ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	potassium	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007293	potassium sulphate	http://aims.fao.org/aos/agrovoc/c 6142	autumn				
Mg 12	kgMg ha ⁻¹ yi	⁻¹ magnesium	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO_0007288	Kieserite since 2001	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/CHEBI 32599	autumn	11kgMg as magnesiur	m sulphate until 1973	; 35kgMg ev	very thir
Na 16	i kgNa ha⁻¹ yr	¹ sodium		sodium sulphate	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/CHEBI 32149	autumn	16kgNa as sodium sul	phate until 1973		
(Na) 0		sodium					16kgNa as sodium sul	phate until 1973, the	n no longer	r applied
FYM 35	tha ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	FYM	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007087	farmyard manure	http://aims.fao.org/aos/agrovoc/c 2810	autumn	Farmyard manure fro	m cattle 1968-2000 or	aly	
(FYM) 0		No FYM	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007087							
S0 0		wheat straw not incorporated	b	wheat straw not incorporated			straw not incorporate	2d		
S1 1		wheat straw incorporated		wheat straw incorporated	http://aims.fao.org/aos/agrovoc/c 7441	autumn	chopped wheat straw	/ from previous crop i	ncorporate	ed since 1
H0 0		no herbicides	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO 0007183	herbicides not applied			herbicides never app	lied		
H1 1		herbicides	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO_0007183	herbicides	http://aims.fao.org/aos/agrovoc/c_3566	spring and summer	herbicides applied as	required since 1957		
F0 0		no fungicides	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO_0007268	spring and summer fungicides not applied	http://www.fac.org/acc/arround/c.2555		spring and summer fu	ingicides not applied		1070
F1 1		Tungicides	nttp://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PECO_000/268	spring and summer fungicides	nttp://aims.tao.org/aos/agrovoc/c_3566	spring and summer	spring and summer fi	ingicides applied as r	equired sin	ice 1979



Do our changes measure up to FAIR?



- Persistent Identifier provided (DOI)
- Extensive Metadata provided
- Metadata registered in a searchable resource



- Non-proprietary, open format
- Metadata uses a formal, accessible and shared language
- Data annotated using standard vocabularies
- Data linked to other data to provide context



Metadata is retrievable by its identifier Metadata provides URLs to physical files Metadata available even when data are not



- Metadata have plurality of relevant attributes
- Data are released with a clear and accessible data usage license (CC-BY)
- Metadata are associated with provenance
- Metadata meet domain relevant community standards \checkmark







What have we learned from Going FAIR

- 1. You can't change culture overnight
 - This is a new way of thinking about our LTEs and data both for our data managers and people using the data, be sensitive to their needs but change should make life easier!
- 2. Budgets are not unlimited trade-off between ambitions and financial/human resources
- 3. Address skills gaps, invest in and train research data managers who understand the data
 - Develop and use best practices Data Carpentries



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But why Go FAIR in the first place?

Putting FAIR into practice means people can more easily discover and re-use the data.

Using DOIs means our data can be recognised and attributed.

Machine readable and interoperable datasets can be accessed and used in new ways with other datasets

- 1. Democratises access to a unique data collection
- 2. Data producers and curators are recognised
- 3. Supports reproducible science
- 4. Enables new (data) science approaches
- 5. Increases impact of the LTEs and their data
 - impact is more easily measured
 - demonstrates return on investment to funders



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Lawes Agricultural Trust



Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council